

JS 44 (Rev. 12/07)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

LEONID PYATETSKY, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Philadelphia, PA
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

2200 Renaissance Boulevard, Suite 308 King of Prussia, PA 19406
(610) 822-3700

DEFENDANTS

2651 HUNTINGDON PIKE, LLC

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Brooklyn, NY
(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Diversity
(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) |

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)
(For Diversity Cases Only)

Citizen of This State	PTF	DEF	PTF	DEF	
	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 4
	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 5
	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 6

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug Med. Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 R.R. & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs. <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	SOCIAL SECURITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/ Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Habeas Corpus: <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition	<input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt.Reporting & Disclosure Act <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWV (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))
			IMMIGRATION <input type="checkbox"/> 462 Naturalization Application <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detainee <input type="checkbox"/> 465 Other Immigration Actions	FEDERAL TAX SUITS <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609

V. ORIGIN

(Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|----------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 Original Proceeding | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Removed from State Court | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Remanded from Appellate Court | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Reinstated or Reopened | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Transferred from another district (specify) _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Multidistrict Litigation | <input type="checkbox"/> 7 |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|----------------------------|

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):
42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Brief description of cause:
Violation of the Americans With Disabilities Act

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

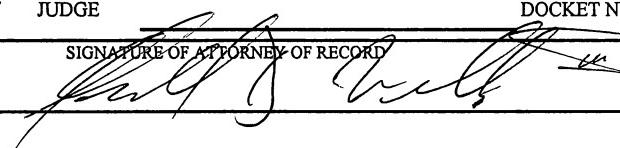
CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION
UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE 2/18/16 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD 

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT #

AMOUNT

APPLYING IFFP

JUDGE

MAG. JUDGE

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar.

Address of Plaintiff: c/o Connolly Wells & Gray, LLP 2200 Renaissance Boulevard, Suite 308 King of Prussia, PA 19406

Address of Defendant: 335 Broad Street Brooklyn, NY 11231

Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: Nationwide, including the Eastern District of Pennsylvania
(Use Reverse Side For Additional Space)

Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock?

(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a))

Yes No

Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities?

Yes No

RELATED CASE, IF ANY:

Case Number: _____ Judge _____ Date Terminated: _____

Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions:

1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?

Yes No

2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?

Yes No

3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?

Yes No

4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights case filed by the same individual?

Yes No

CIVIL: (Place ✓ in ONE CATEGORY ONLY)

A. *Federal Question Cases:*

- 1. Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts
- 2. FELA
- 3. Jones Act-Personal Injury
- 4. Antitrust
- 5. Patent
- 6. Labor-Management Relations

B. *Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:*

- 1. Insurance Contract and Other Contracts
- 2. Airplane Personal Injury
- 3. Assault, Defamation
- 4. Marine Personal Injury
- 5. Motor Vehicle Personal Injury
- 6. Other Personal Injury (Please specify)

7. Civil Rights

7. Products Liability

8. Habeas Corpus

8. Products Liability — Asbestos

9. Securities Act(s) Cases

9. All other Diversity Cases

10. Social Security Review Cases

(Please specify)

11. All other Federal Question Cases

(Please specify) 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.

ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION

(Check Appropriate Category)

I, Gerald D. Wells, III

, counsel of record do hereby certify:

Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs;

Relief other than monetary damages is sought.

DATE: 2/18/16


Attorney-at-Law

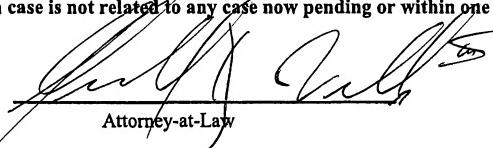
88277

Attorney I.D.#

NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38.

I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court except as noted above.

DATE: 2/18/16


Attorney-at-Law

88277

Attorney I.D.#

CIV. 609 (6/08)

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA**

CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM

PYATETSKY

:

CIVIL ACTION

v.

:

2651 HUNTINGDON PIKE, LLC

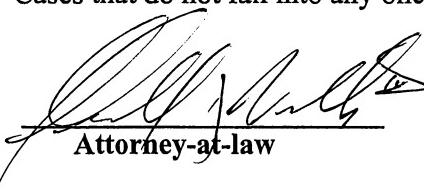
:

NO.

In accordance with the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan of this court, counsel for plaintiff shall complete a Case Management Track Designation Form in all civil cases at the time of filing the complaint and serve a copy on all defendants. (See § 1:03 of the plan set forth on the reverse side of this form.) In the event that a defendant does not agree with the plaintiff regarding said designation, that defendant shall, with its first appearance, submit to the clerk of court and serve on the plaintiff and all other parties, a Case Management Track Designation Form specifying the track to which that defendant believes the case should be assigned.

SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CASE MANAGEMENT TRACKS:

- (a) Habeas Corpus – Cases brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 through § 2255. ()
- (b) Social Security – Cases requesting review of a decision of the Secretary of Health and Human Services denying plaintiff Social Security Benefits. ()
- (c) Arbitration – Cases required to be designated for arbitration under Local Civil Rule 53.2. ()
- (d) Asbestos – Cases involving claims for personal injury or property damage from exposure to asbestos. ()
- (e) Special Management – Cases that do not fall into tracks (a) through (d) that are commonly referred to as complex and that need special or intense management by the court. (See reverse side of this form for a detailed explanation of special management cases.) (x)
- (f) Standard Management – Cases that do not fall into any one of the other tracks. ()

<u>2/18/16</u> Date	 Attorney-at-law	Plaintiff Attorney for
<u>(610) 822-3700</u> Telephone	<u>(610) 822-3800</u> FAX Number	<u>q.wells@cwq-law.com</u> E-Mail Address

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA**

LEONID PYATETSKY, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff(s) v. 2651 HUNTINGDON PIKE, LLC,	Case No. CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT Jury Trial Demanded
Defendant(s)	

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Leonid Pyatetsky (“Plaintiff” or “Pyatetsky”), on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated and alleges as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. Plaintiff is an “individual with a disability” as that term is understood pursuant to Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (“ADA”), 42 U.S.C. § 12101 *et seq.*, and its implementing regulations.

2. Plaintiff, a sixty-one-year-old male individual, has been deemed disabled due to severe back problems, obesity, and depression, by the U.S. Social Security Administration since January 1, 2010. Indeed, Plaintiff has difficulty walking and standing for long periods of time.

3. Plaintiff, nonetheless, leads an active life, including as a husband, father, and grandfather.

4. Accordingly, Plaintiff is routinely traveling for family and social functions.

5. To facilitate this active lifestyle, Plaintiff maintains a vehicle that is registered as a handicap vehicle with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania’s Department of Transportation

and, consequently, bears a handicap license plate.

6. Plaintiff has patronized Defendant's facilities in the past and will continue to do so in the future.

7. As set forth below, Defendant has failed to comply with the ADA's regulations regarding handicap parking and has, therefore, denied Plaintiff full access to Defendant's facilities. As such, Plaintiff alleges that Defendant violated the ADA and its implementing regulations.

8. Unless Defendant corrects the access barriers detailed herein, Plaintiff will be denied safe and full access to Defendant's facility.

9. The ADA permits private individuals, such as Plaintiff, to bring suit in federal court so as to compel compliance with the ADA.

10. Accordingly, and on behalf of a class of similarly situated individuals, Plaintiff seeks: (a) a declaration that Defendant's facilities violate federal law as described; and (b) an injunction requiring Defendant to remove the identified access barriers so that they are fully accessible to, and independently usable by, physically-impaired individuals such as Plaintiff and the class she seeks to represent.

11. Plaintiff also requests that once Defendant is fully in compliance with the requirements of the ADA, the Court retain jurisdiction for a period of time to be determined to ensure that Defendant has adopted and is following an institutional policy that will, in fact, cause Defendant to remain in compliance with the law.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

12. This Court has federal question jurisdiction over the ADA claims asserted herein pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 42 U.S.C. § 12188.

13. Plaintiff's claims asserted herein arose in this judicial district and Defendant does substantial business in this judicial district.

14. Venue in this judicial district is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1331(b)(2) in that this is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the acts and omissions giving rise to the claims occurred.

PARTIES

15. Plaintiff is and, at all times relevant hereto, was a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Plaintiff is and, at all times relevant hereto, has been a legally handicapped individual, and is, therefore, a member of a protected class under the ADA and the regulations implementing the ADA.

16. Defendant 2651 Huntingdon Pike, LLC ("Defendant" or "2651HP") is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which owns a commercial real estate parcel at 2651 Huntingdon Pike in Huntingdon Valley, PA 19006. This parcel is a commercial shopping center, known as "The Village Center," that contains a number of businesses, including (but not limited to) "Lemon Basil" restaurant, "Be Well Bakery & Café," and "Bella Gente" salon, that are open to the public, as visible by the image below:



17. Therefore, Defendant is a public accommodation pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12181(7)(F).

18. Defendant maintains a registered office address at 335 Broad Street Brooklyn, NY 11231.

TITLE III OF THE ADA

19. On July 26, 1990, President George H.W. Bush signed into law the ADA, a comprehensive civil rights law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of disability.

20. The ADA broadly protects the rights of individuals with disabilities with respect to employment, access to State and local government services, places of public accommodation, transportation, and other important areas of American life.

21. Title III of the ADA prohibits discrimination in the activities of places of public accommodation and requires places of public accommodation to comply with ADA standards and to be readily accessible to, and independently usable by, individuals with disabilities. 42 U.S.C. § 12181-89.

22. On July 26, 1991, the Department of Justice (“DOJ”) issued rules implementing Title III of the ADA, which are codified at 28 C.F.R. Part 36.¹

23. Appendix A of the 1991 Title III regulations (republished as Appendix D to 28 C.F.R. Part 36) contains the ADA standards for Accessible Design (“1991 Standards”), which were based upon the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (“1991 ADAAG”) published by the Access Board on the same date.²

¹ The DOJ is the administrative agency charged by Congress with implementing the requirements of the ADA.

² The Access Board was established by section 502 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. 29 U.S.C. § 792. The passage of the ADA expanded the Access Board’s responsibilities. The ADA requires the Access Board to “issue minimum guidelines . . . to ensure that buildings, facilities, rail passenger cars, and vehicles are accessible, in terms of architecture and design, transportation, and communication, to individuals with disabilities.” 42 U.S.C. § 12204. The ADA requires the DOJ to issue regulations that include enforceable accessibility standards

24. The ADA requires removal of existing architectural barriers in facilities existing before January 26, 1992 where such removal is readily achievable. 42 U.S.C. §§ 12181(9), 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and 28 C.F.R. § 36.304(a).

25. Facilities newly built or altered after January 26, 1993 must be readily accessible and usable by disabled individuals, including individuals who use wheelchairs. 28 C.F.R. § 36.401 and 28 C.F.R. § 36.402.

26. The DOJ revised the 1991 ADAAG when it issued The 2010 Standards for Accessible Design (“2010 Standards”), which were published on September 15, 2010.

27. Notably, many of the requirements with respect to parking remained the same in the 2010 Standards.

28. As set forth below, Defendant has failed to comply with those requirements.

VIOLATIONS AT ISSUE

29. Defendant owns, operates, and/or leases a place of public accommodation.

30. Defendant’s facilities are not fully accessible to, and independently usable by, individuals with disabilities.

31. On or about January 6, 2016, Plaintiff visited Defendant’s property located at 2651 Huntingdon Pike in Huntingdon Valley, Pennsylvania (the “Huntingdon Pike Location”).

32. The Huntingdon Pike Location is within Plaintiff’s regular area of travel. He has patronized this location in the past and intends to do so again in the future.

33. During his recent visit, Plaintiff experienced difficulty and unnecessary risk due to the existence of architectural barriers that impeded his access to, and ability to use, Defendant’s facility. Indeed, Plaintiff had difficulty walking from his vehicle to the business he

applicable to facilities subject to Title III that are consistent with the “minimum guidelines” issued by the Access Board, 42 U.S.C. § 12134(c), 12186(c).

intended to patronize within the shopping center.

34. Specifically, as illustrated in the image below, access aisles required by the ADA to be adjacent to the purportedly handicapped-accessible parking spaces were either nonexistent or less than 60 inches wide and, therefore, not compliant with ADA requirements:



35. The failure to include the proper access aisle constitutes a violation of Section 502.2 of the 2010 Standards.

36. Additionally, at least one purportedly handicapped-accessible parking space had a running and/or cross slopes in excess of 1:48 (i.e. 2.1%), thereby violating Section 502.4 of the 2010 Standards.

37. Furthermore, no parking spaces at the Huntingdon Pike Location were designated “van accessible” as required by the ADA, in violation of Section 208.2.4 of the 2010 Standards, which requires “at least one” van accessible designated parking space for every six accessible parking spaces a facility maintains.

38. Moreover, Section 502.6 of the 2010 Standards requires signs identifying accessible parking spaces to be “60 inches minimum above the . . . ground surface measured to the bottom of the sign.”

39. However, as evidenced by the image above, at the Huntingdon Pike Location, the signs designating the space as “handicapped,” were mounted less than 60 inches above the parking surface, in violation of the ADA.

40. Moreover, at least one space that was supposedly designated as “handicapped,” did not have any signage, as evidenced by the image below:



41. Finally, none of the purportedly “handicapped” parking spaces were properly marked or striped, in violation of the ADA.

42. The Huntingdon Pike Location is within the geographic zone that Plaintiff typically travels as part of his routine activities.

43. Accordingly, Plaintiff will continue to regularly visit and attempt to access Defendant’s Huntingdon Pike Location in the future as part of his regular activities. However, so long as that location continues to violate the ADA, Plaintiff will be unable to use them

independently and will be, thereby, denied full access to Defendant's facility.

44. Plaintiff requests periodic monitoring to confirm that the public accommodations are brought into compliance and remain in compliance.

45. Without injunctive relief, Plaintiff will continue to be unable to independently use Defendant's facility.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

46. Plaintiff brings this action pursuant to Rules 23(a) and 23(b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of himself and all individuals with disabilities who have attempted to access, or will attempt to access Defendant's facilities ("Class").

47. Numerosity: Upon information and belief, the Class is so numerous that joinder of all individual members in one action would be impracticable. The disposition of the individual claims of the respective Class members through this class action will benefit both the parties and this Court.

48. Typicality: Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class. The claims of the Plaintiff and members of the Class are based on the same legal theories and arise from the same unlawful conduct.

49. Common Questions of Fact and Law: There is a well-defined community of interest and common questions of fact and law affecting members of the Class in that they all have been and/or are being denied their civil rights to full and equal access to, and use and enjoyment of, Defendant's facilities and/or services due to Defendant's failure to make its facilities fully accessible and independently usable as above described.

50. The questions of fact and law common to the class include but are not limited to the following:

- a. Whether Defendant is a “public accommodation” under the ADA;
- b. Whether Defendant’s conduct in failing to make its facilities fully accessible and independently usable as described above violated the ADA; and
- c. Whether Plaintiff and members of the class are entitled to declaratory and injunctive relief.

51. Adequacy of Representation: Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the class because his interests do not conflict with the interests of the members of the Class. Plaintiff will fairly, adequately, and vigorously represent and protect the interests of the members of the class and have no interests antagonistic to the members of the class. Plaintiff has retained counsel who are competent and experienced in the prosecution of class action litigation.

52. Class certification is appropriate pursuant to Rule 23(b)(2) because Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class, making appropriate both declaratory and injunctive relief with respect to Plaintiff and the Class as a whole.

COUNT I
VIOLATION OF THE ADA

53. The allegations contained in the previous paragraphs are incorporated by reference.

54. Defendant’s Huntington Pike Location was required to be altered, designed, or constructed so that it is readily accessible and usable by disabled individuals, including individuals who use wheelchairs. 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(1).

55. The architectural barriers described above demonstrate that Defendant’s facility was not altered, designed, or constructed in a manner that causes them to be readily accessible to and usable by individuals who use wheelchairs, including Plaintiff and the class she seeks to

represent.

56. The architectural barriers described above demonstrate that Defendant has failed to remove barriers, as required by 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).

57. Defendant's facility is required to comply with the Department of Justice's 2010 Standards for Accessible Design, or in some cases the 1991 Standards 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(1); 28 C.F.R. § 36.406; 28 C.F.R. § 36, app. A.

58. Defendant is required to provide individuals who use wheelchairs full and equal enjoyment of its facility. See 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).

59. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff and the Class in that it has failed to make its Huntington Pike Location fully accessible to, and independently usable by, individuals who use wheelchairs in violation of the ADA, as described above.

60. Defendant's conduct is ongoing, and, given that Defendant has not complied with the ADA's requirements that public accommodations be fully accessible to, and independently usable by, individuals with disabilities, Plaintiff invokes his statutory right to declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as costs and attorneys' fees.

61. Without the requested injunctive relief, specifically including the request that the Court retain jurisdiction of this matter for a period to be determined after the Defendant certifies that it is fully in compliance with the mandatory requirements of the ADA that are discussed above, Defendant's non-compliance with the ADA's requirements that its facility be accessible to, and independently usable, by individuals with disabilities is likely to recur.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the members of the Class, pray for:

a. A Declaratory Judgment that at the commencement of this action Defendant was

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the members of the Class, pray for:

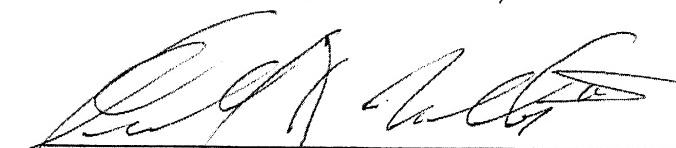
- a. A Declaratory Judgment that at the commencement of this action Defendant was in violation of the specific requirements of Title III of the ADA described above;
- b. A permanent injunction which directs Defendant to take all steps necessary to bring its facilities into full compliance with the requirements set forth in the ADA, and its implementing regulations, and which further directs that the Court shall retain jurisdiction for a period to be determined after Defendant certifies that all of its facilities are fully in compliance with the relevant requirements of the ADA to ensure that Defendant has adopted and is following an institutional policy that will in fact cause Defendant to remain in compliance with the law;
- c. An Order certifying the Class proposed by Plaintiff, and naming Plaintiff as the class representative and appointing his counsel as class counsel;
- d. Payment of costs of suit;
- e. Payment of reasonable attorneys' fees; and,
- f. The provision of whatever other relief the Court deems just, equitable and appropriate.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby requests a jury on all issues so triable.

Date: February 18, 2016

Respectfully submitted,
CONNOLLY WELLS & GRAY, LLP



Gerald D. Wells, III
Stephen E. Connolly

2200 Renaissance Boulevard, Suite 308
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E-mail: sconnolly@cwg-law.com
E-mail: gwell@cwg-law.com

Counsel for Plaintiff and the Proposed Class